## EXTRA PRACTICE - Exercises

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## Unit IX - The Conic Sections <br> Part D - Hyperbolas <br> Lesson 1 - Hyberbolas - Standard Form

Graph the solution set hyperbola for each of the following second-degree equations by using the standard form to identify the center, the rectangle of reference with its diagonals, and the vertices.

1. $\frac{x^{2}}{9}-\frac{y^{2}}{16}=1$
2. $\frac{(x-8)^{2}}{9}-\frac{(y-5)^{2}}{4}=1$
3. $\frac{x^{2}}{4}-\frac{y^{2}}{1}=1$
4. $\frac{(x+5)^{2}}{36}-\frac{(y-1)^{2}}{64}=1$
5. $\frac{(x+1)^{2}}{4}-\frac{(y-2)^{2}}{12}=1$

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Graph the solution set hyperbola for each of the following second-degree equations by using the standard form to identify the center, the rectangle of reference with its diagonals, and the vertices.

1. center $(0,0)$
$\mathrm{a}=3, \mathrm{~b}=4$
vertices: $(3,0)$ and $(-3,0)$

2. center $(8,5)$
$a=3, b=2$
vertices: $(3,0)$ and $(-3,0)$

3. center $(-5,1)$
$a=6, b=8$
vertices: $(1,1)$ and $(-11,1)$
$(6,0)$ and $(-6,0)$

4. center $(-1,2)$
$\mathrm{a}=2, \mathrm{~b}=2 \sqrt{3}$ vertices: $(2,0)$ and $(-2,0)$

