## EXTRA PRACTICE - Exercises

# Unit VIII - Quadratic Equations <br> Part A - Solving Quadratic Equations of the form $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ Lesson 3 - The Quadratic Formula 

Solve each of the following by first identifying $a, b$, and $c$, and then substituting in the quadratic formula.

1. $2 n^{2}-n-1=0$
2. $x^{2}-6 x+8=0$
3. $n^{2}=6 n+11$
4. $y^{2}+2 y+2=0$
5. $8 y^{2}=4 y-5$
6. $3 n^{2}+2=2 n$
7. $5 x^{2}=1-2 x$
8. $\frac{1}{3} y^{2}+\frac{3}{2}=\frac{1}{3}-y$
9. $2 x^{2} \sqrt{2}+3 x-\sqrt{2}=0$
10. $x^{2}-2 i x+3=0$

# Unit VIII - Quadratic Equations <br> Part A - Solving Quadratic Equations of the form $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ Lesson 3 - The Quadratic Formula 

Solve each of the following by first identifying $a, b$, and $c$, and then substituting in the quadratic formula.

1. $\mathrm{a}=2, \mathrm{~b}=-1, \mathrm{c}=-1 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{1, \frac{-1}{2}\right\}$
2. $\mathrm{a}=1, \mathrm{~b}=-6, \mathrm{c}=8 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\{4,2\}$
3. $\mathrm{a}=1, \mathrm{~b}=-6, \mathrm{c}=-11 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\{3+2 \sqrt{5}, 3-2 \sqrt{5}\}$
4. $\mathrm{a}=1, \mathrm{~b}=2, \mathrm{c}=2 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{{ }^{-} 1+i,{ }^{-} 1-i\right\}$
5. $\mathrm{a}=8, \mathrm{~b}=-4, \mathrm{c}=5 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{\frac{1+3 i}{4}, \frac{1-3 i}{4}\right\}$
6. $\mathrm{a}=3, \mathrm{~b}=-2, \mathrm{c}=2 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{\frac{1+i \sqrt{5}}{3}, \frac{1-i \sqrt{5}}{3}\right\}$
7. $\mathrm{a}=5, \mathrm{~b}=2, \mathrm{c}={ }^{-} 1 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{\frac{-1+\sqrt{6}}{5}, \frac{-1-\sqrt{6}}{5}\right\}$
8. $\mathrm{a}=2, \mathrm{~b}=6, \mathrm{c}=7 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{\frac{-3+i \sqrt{5}}{2}, \frac{-3-i \sqrt{5}}{2}\right\}$
9. $\mathrm{a}=2 \sqrt{2}, \mathrm{~b}=3, \mathrm{c}=-\sqrt{2} \quad \mathrm{~S}=\left\{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4},-\sqrt{2}\right\}$
10. $\mathrm{a}=1, \mathrm{~b}=-2 i, \mathrm{c}=3 \quad \mathrm{~S}=\{3 i,-i\}$
